

Acest manual este proprietatea Ministerului Educației.

Manualul școlar a fost aprobat prin Ordinul ministrului educației nr. 4200 / 07.07.2021, în urma evaluării și este realizat în conformitate cu Programa școlară aprobată prin Ordinul ministrului educației naționale nr. 5003/02.12.2014.

Descrierea CIP a Bibliotecii Naţionale a României BÂRSAN, ANA-MARIA

Limba modernă engleză : manual pentru clasa a III-a / Ana-Maria Bârsan, Robert Bondoroi, Mirona-Eugenia Gliga. - Târgu Mureş : Edu, 2021 ISBN 978-606-9086-20-9

- I. Bondoroi, Robert
- II. Gliga, Mirona-Eugenia

37



Numărul de telefon de asistență pentru copii ROBERT BONDOROI

MIRONA-EUGENIA GLIGA

LIMBA MODERNĂ ENGLEZĂ clasa a III-a



Editura EDU



Manualul este distribuit elevilor în mod gratuit	, atât în format tipărit	, cât și în format digit	al
și este transmisibil timp de patru ani școlari, îr	ncepând cu anul școl	ar 2021 - 2022.	

Inspectoratul școlar	
Şcoala / Colegiul / Li	ceul

ACEST MANUAL A FOST FOLOSIT DE:

Anul Numele elevulu		Clasa	Anul şcolar	Aspectul manualului*			
	Numele elevului			format tipărit		format digital	
		- poordi	la primire	la predare	la primire	la predare	
1							
2							
3							
4							

^{*} Pentru precizarea aspectului manualului se va folosi unul dintre următorii termeni: nou, bun, îngrijit, neîngrijit, deteriorat.

- Cadrele didactice vor verifica dacă informațiile înscrise în tabelul de mai sus sunt corecte.
- · Elevii nu vor face niciun fel de însemnări pe manual.

Referenți științifici:

conf. univ. dr. Han Bianca-Oana prof. gradul 1 Bucur Dragoș



Grup editorial EDU

Tg. Mureş, str. Avram Iancu, nr. 43, jud. Mureş tel. 0728168988 (departament vânzări) 0728176246 (departament tehnic) www.edituraedu.ro; www.educrates.ro

CUM FOLOSESC MANUALUL DIGITAL?

De-a lungul manualului digital vei întâlni aceste trei simboluri care te vor ajuta să găsești activitățile multimedia.



Pomeste video

AMII animat

Cuprinde animații și filmulețe scurte pe care le poți controla prin Play, Stop și Pauză



Deschide imaginea

AMII static

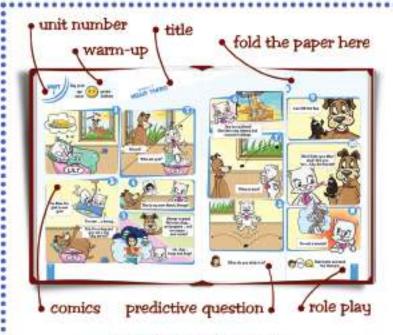
Cuprinde imagini, desene, fotografii, explicații didactice.

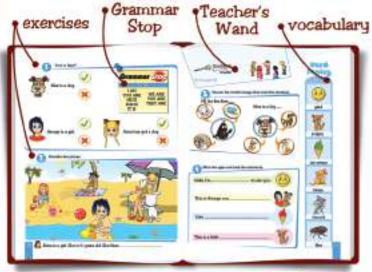


Interactivitate

AMII interactiv

Cuprinde jocuri educative care îţi vor îmbogăţi experienţa de învăţare.





Competențe generale / General Competences

- Receptarea de mesaje orale simple Reception of simple oral messages
- Receptarea de mesaje scrise simple Reception of simple written messages
- Exprimarea orală în situații de comunicare uzuală
- Verbal expression in everyday communication situations
- Redactarea de mesaje simple în situaţii de comunicare uzuală

Writing simple messages in everyday communication situations

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Units and Lessons	Competences	Vocabulary	Grammar
I. PLANNING A TRIP Lesson 1 HELLO THEREI pp.10-13	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	Greetings Presentations Age	The verb "to be", "to like" Present simple
Lesson 2 YOU'VE GOT MAIL! pp. 14-17	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	Countries Computer- related vocabulary	Giving instructions Present simple
Lesson 3 ARE YOU READY? pp. 18-21	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character.	Clothes	The plural of nouns
P. 22 EVALUATION p. 23	Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. Recognising the significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	(revision)	A / A pair of / Many / Some
II. WELCOME TO LONDON Lesson 4 THE PLANE TAKES OFF pp. 24-27	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.2. Identification of time and quantity expressed numerically (prices, numbers) in an audio message, clearly and correctly articulated. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life.	Time (the clock)	Numbers
Lesson 5 FIRST DAY IN LONDON pp. 28-31	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Buildings Colours	The possessive structure with "of"
Lesson 6 TRICK OR TREATI pp. 32-35 REVISION p. 36	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life.	Halloween- related vocabulary	Want + TO infinitive
EVALUATION 4 p. 37	3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.		

Units and Lessons	Competences	Vocabulary	Grammar
III. THE JONESES Lesson 7 MEET MY FAMILY! pp.38-41	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Family members	Possessive adjectives
Lesson 8 HOME, SWEET HOME! pp. 42-45	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life, 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	Description of the house	Adjectives and verbs
Lesson 9 TEACHERS ARE GREATI pp. 46-49	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.2. Identification of time and quantity expressed numerically (prices, numbers) in an audio message, clearly and correctly articulated. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages.	School objects and	"Have got"
p. 50 EVALUATION p. 51	3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	subjects / the timetable	expressions Linking words
IV. BRITISH WINTER Lesson 10 SANTA CLAUS IS COMING TO TOWN! pp. 52-55	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 4.1. Writing a birthday card or a celebration greeting card for someone.	Christmas objects	Present Continuous
Lesson 11 LET'S GO SHOPPINGI pp. 56-59	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	Types of shops	Go+verb+ ing (I) Interrogative and negative forms
Lesson 12 ENJOY YOUR MEAL! pp. 60-63 REVISION p. 64 EVALUATION p. 65	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character.	Food and drinks	Some+ uncountable nouns

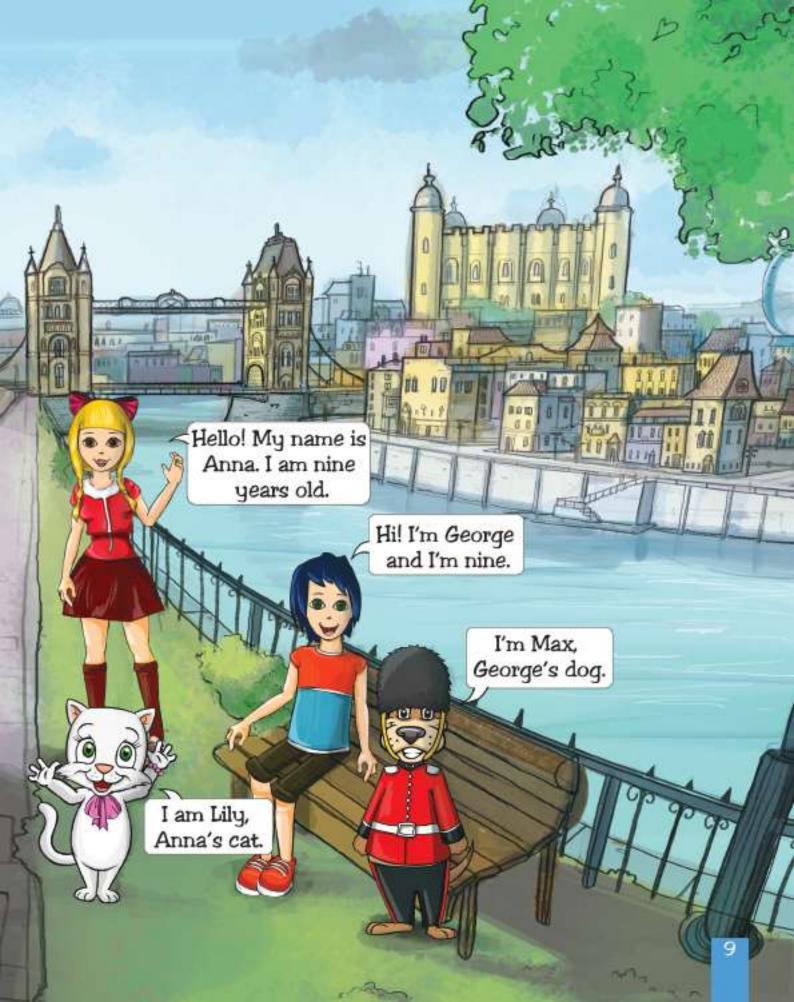
Units and Lessons	Competences	Vocabulary	Grammar
V. WINTER FUN Lesson 13 IT'S PARTY TIME! pp: 68-71	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Furniture Kitchen items Celebrations- related vocabulary	Plurals Giving instructions
Lesson 14 LET'S SEE A FILMI pp. 72-75	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.		Yes/No questions I would like to/ I prefer
Lesson 15 SKATING IS GREATI pp. 76-79 REVISION p. 80 EVALUATION	I.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. I.2. Identification of time and quantity expressed numerically (prices, numbers) in an audio message, clearly and correctly articulated. I.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. I.2. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates.	Winter sports	Buying and selling Go+verb+ ing (II)
p. 81	and teacher.		
Lesson 16 AT THE ZOO pp. 82-85	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Wild animals British first names	Adjectives for states
Lesson 17 THE PLAYGROUND pp. 86-89	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Parts of the body Objects in a park	Have got (II) Actions
Lesson 18 OUR BAND pp. 90-93	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages.	Musical	Modal verb
REVISION p. 94 EVALUATION p. 95	2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 3.3. Deciphering familiar simple messages from friends, classmates and teacher.	instruments	can

Competences	Vocabulary	Grammar
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Weather Seasons	Weather related adjectives Adjective forms: noun+y
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 4.2. Writing a simple message to a classmate.		Directions Asking for directions Prepositions of place
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Moments of the day Days of week	Adverbs of frequency
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Feelings Musical instruments	Can Interrogative and negative forms
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.2. Identification of time and quantity expressed numerically (prices, numbers) in an audio message, clearly and correctly articulated. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 4.1. Writing a birthday card or a celebration card for someone.	Penfriends Messages, emails and letters	Telling the time Prepositions of time
1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics.	Shops Jobs	Prepositions Expressing reason
	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 4.2. Writing a simple message to a classmate. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character, 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.2. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated. 1.3. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions, 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics, 4.1. Writing a birthday card or a celebration card for someone. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or fami	1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages. 2.2. Particulation of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 1.2. Writing a simple message to a classmate. 1.3. Showing availability in receiving simple, age appropriate oral messages, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 3.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.2. Participation in interactions in immediate or familiar contexts. 2.3. A simple description of a person, character. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated, in familiar contexts. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar contexts. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.1. Recognising the significance of common phrases, typical of everyday life. 3.2. Identification of the global significance of a simple text on familiar topics. 4.1. Writing a birthday card or a celebration card for someone. 1.1. Identification of the global significance of an oral message, clearly articulated. 2.1. Asking for and providing information on numbers, prices, time expressions. 3.1. Recognising the significance of a simple text on familiar contexts. 2.2. Part

FINAL EVALUATION pp. 126-128

GRAMMAR STOP pp. 129-136







Say your: age name











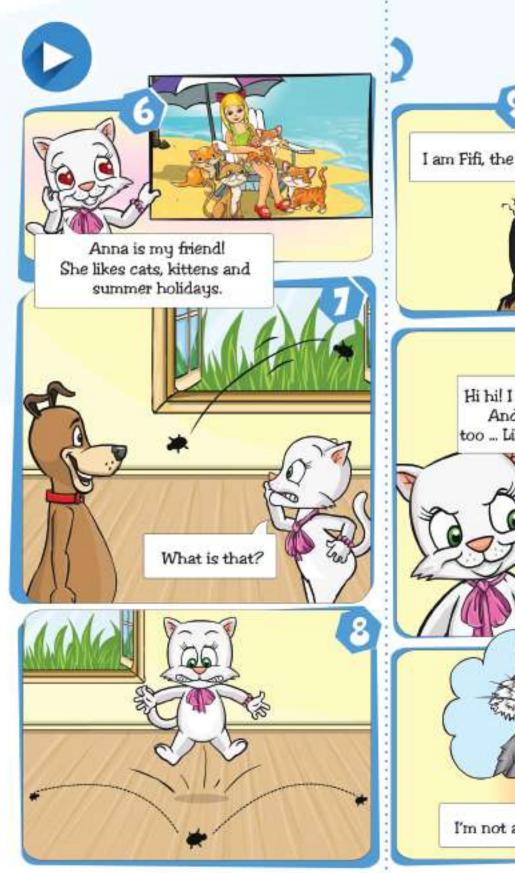






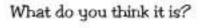
George is great!
He loves dogs ...
and puppies ... and
ice cream ...
and winter!

Oh, dear ... boys and dogs!













True or false?



Max is a dog.







Grammar §



TO BE

IAM WE ARE YOU ARE HE IS SHE IS IT IS





George is a girl.





Anna has got a dog.









Erica is a girl. She is 6 years old. She likes





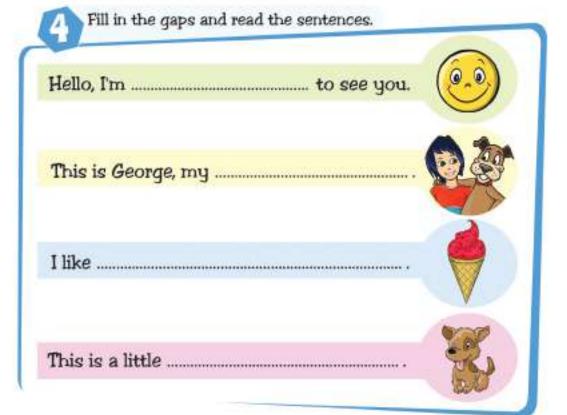


glad

See digital version



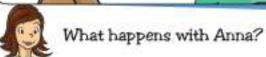


















Take turns and read the dialogue.



Choose the correct answer.

Grammar Stop

Where is Robert from?





Great Britain

Romania

PRESENT SIMPLE

WE LIKE I LIKE YOU LIKE YOU LIKE HE LIKES THEY LIKE SHE LIKES

IT LIKES

Are the Joneses polite?



Yes



Who is looking for the mouse?





Who invites Anna to London?



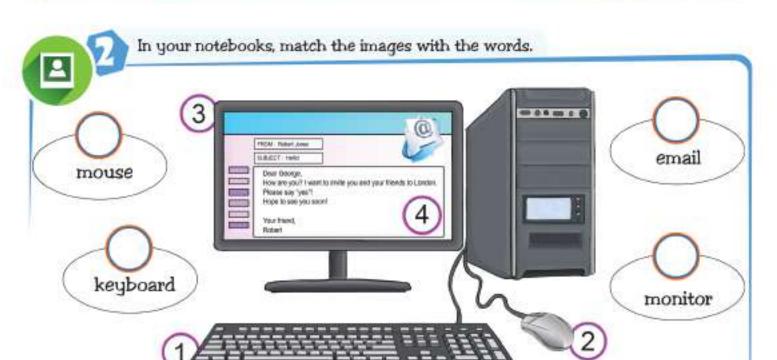


George

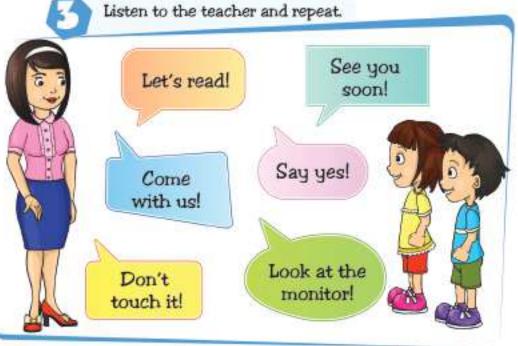
Who likes the mouse?

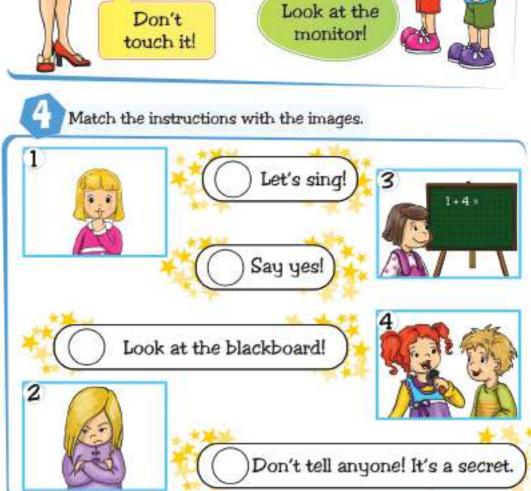


























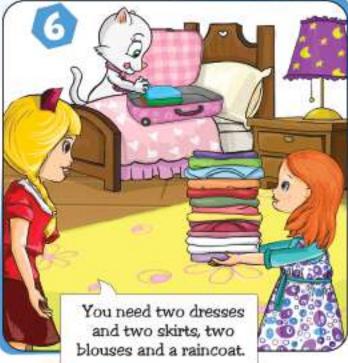
















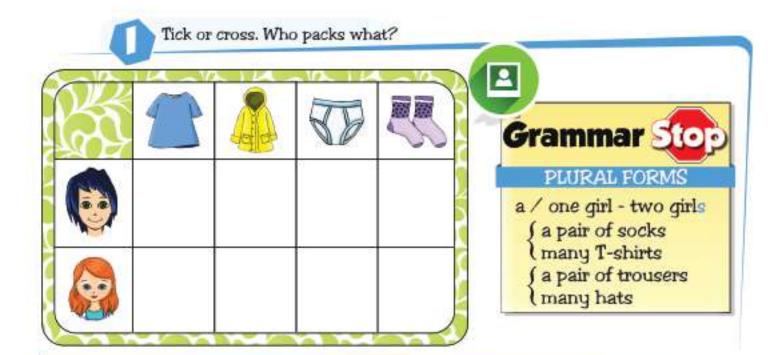
Is Lily going, too?

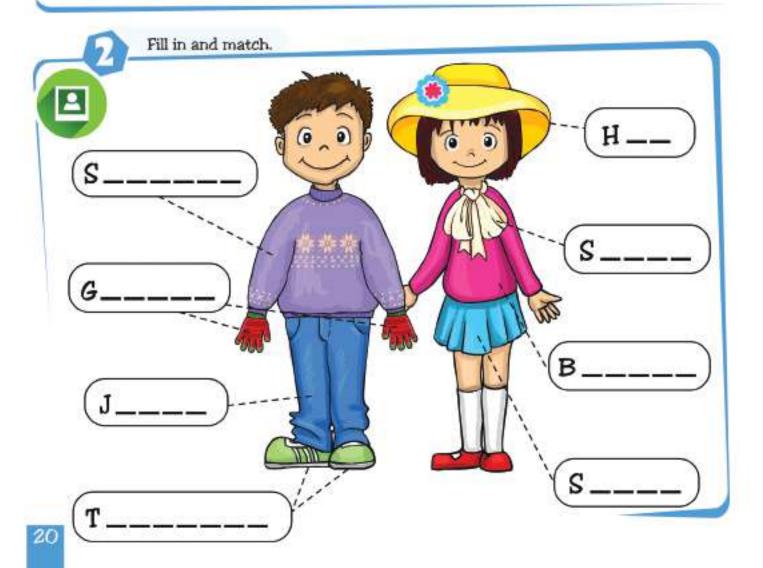






Take turns and read the dialogue.









See digital version



One or many? Write in your notebook.















4 _____







A PAIR OF or MANY?



many











socks



gloves





sweater



trainers



raincoat



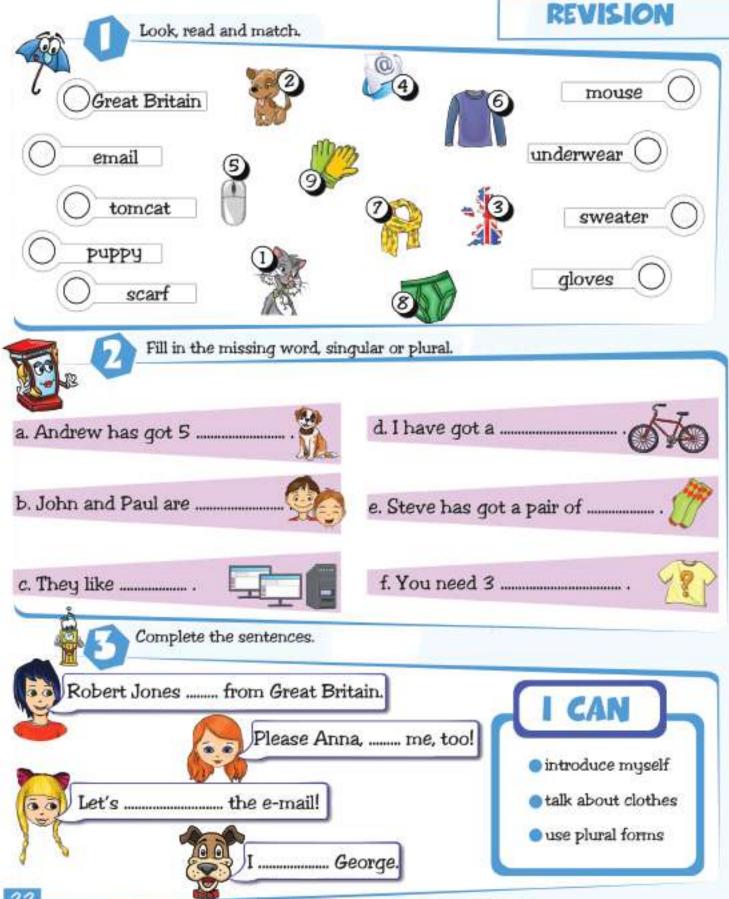
scarf



underwear



blouse



EVALUATION



What is it? Write the word.











Underline the correct word.

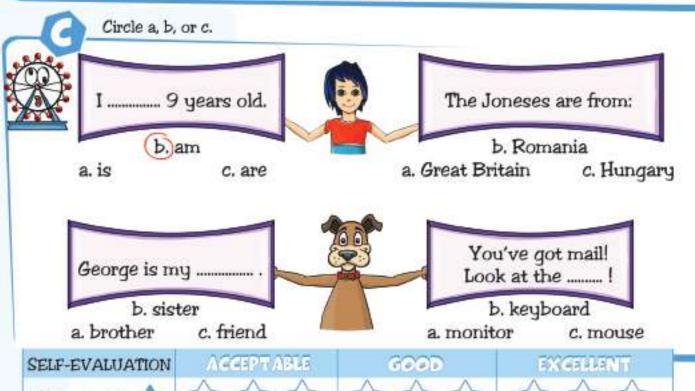


Lily is a cat / a doq.

We need a pair of gloves / glove.

Let's read / pack the e-mail, George!

My friend has got ten rabbit / rabbits.



SELF-EVALUATION	ACCEPT ASLE	GOOD	EXCELLENT
Performance markers	1-4 correct answers	5-7 correct answers	8-10 correct answers



















Is Max really lost?







Take turns and read the dialogue.



Choose the correct image.

The children are at (the)







.... is afraid of flying.







The bus leaves from the







The children are flying to







The plane leaves from

Gate 15A

Gate 19A

Gate 18A



Put the following words in the correct order.

many, are, there, planes 2





2



NUMBERS

13 - thirteen

14 - fourteen

15 - fifteen

16 - sixteen

17 - seventeen

18 - eighteen

19 - nineteen



by, Anna and Erica, plane, travel





platform, the, wait, people, on



passengers, the, are, children





See digital version



How many? Count and write the correct numbers.











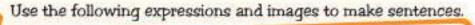


plane









TRAVEL BY





WAIT FOR





ARRIVE AT



gate

LEAVE





FLY





London is the capital of:





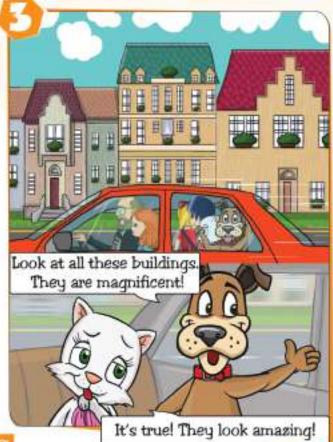
Great Britain

Italy













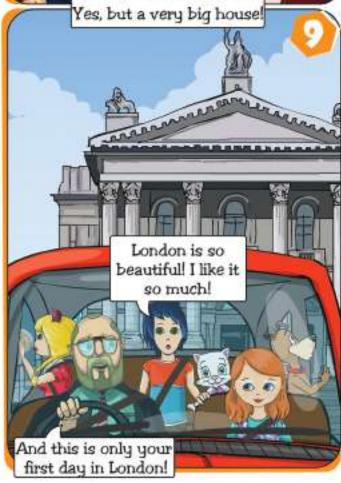




And where is the house of the Queen?

Who lives in Buckingham Palace?







Take turns and read the dialogue.



Match the images to the words and write the sentences in your notebook.













Tower of London



Big Ben



Buckingham Palace



Tower Bridge



Houses of Parliament





the windows of the house this - that these - those



Continue the pattern in your notebook.

THE



OF THE





The window of the house.

THE



OF THE



THE



OF THE



THE



OF



THE



OF











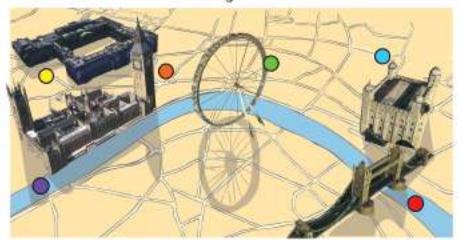
See digital version



Find the buildings.



London Eye Tower Bridge Buckingham Palace Houses of Parliament Tower of London Big Ben





"These" or "those"? Form sentences.



Example: These are umbrellas. Those are clouds.





river



clock



London Eye



tower



bridge



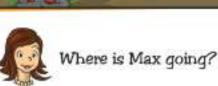
palace

















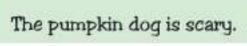


Anna is a blue goblin.















Erica wants to drink some water.







The children know a poem.









Match and find the odd image.

pumpkin dog
broom
green spider
pink witch
scary costume



Grammar 🕥



I want to drink/eat.
I want something sweet to eat.

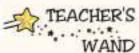


















Find the 2 rhymes (4 images).

Trick or treat. give me pumpkin cake to ...



Treat or trick, I want something sweet to ...















Write crazy sentences in your notebook.









I want to eat a dog cake.





I want to be a ghost broom.

















candy



costume



pumpkin cake



candle



REVISION

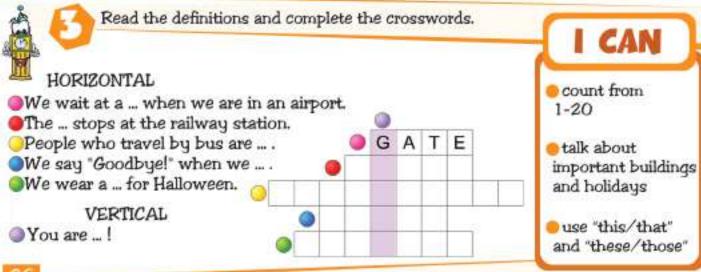
Group the following items under the right category, as in the example.

Add one word of your own.

3 Buildings

2 Objects





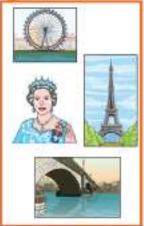
EVALUATION



Choose the odd one out.













Choose the correct word.

These / this is a Jack-o-lantern.

There are thirteen / eleven candles.

Spiders are tall / scary.



The train arrives at / leaves the station.







Complete the following sentences.



At Halloween we go trick or treating.

Buckingham Palace is where the lives.

...... are 2 trains. are 2 planes.

Flight no. 435 leaves at from gate





Annual or property and

SELF-EVALUATION



GOOD

Performance markers











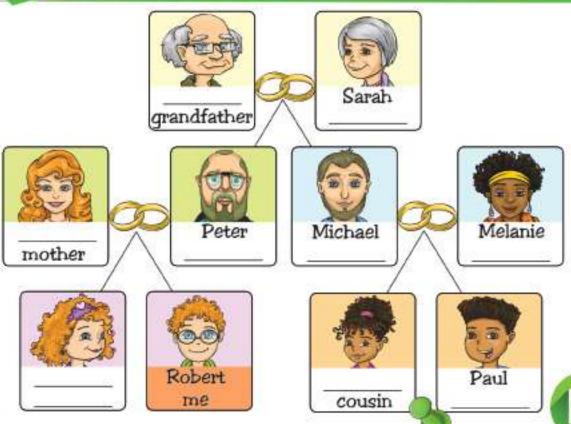






Take turns and read the dialoque.







Fill in the missing words: my, your, his, her, our.



This is

house.



What is

Max and friend George are happy.

Grammar 500

my family your family his family her family its family our family your family their family



This is

book.

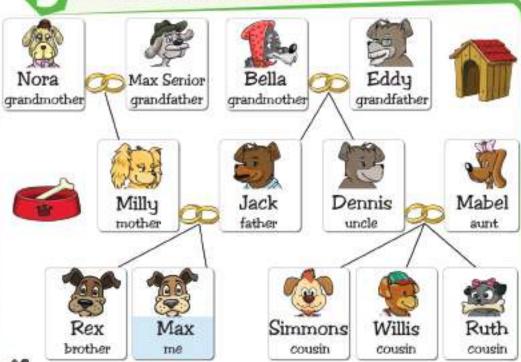








Max describes his family. Help him!









aunt



uncle



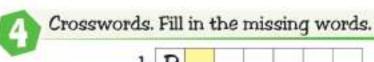
strange



member of the family

I am Max. This is my family, my mother Milly ...

This is Max. This is his family, his mother Milly ...



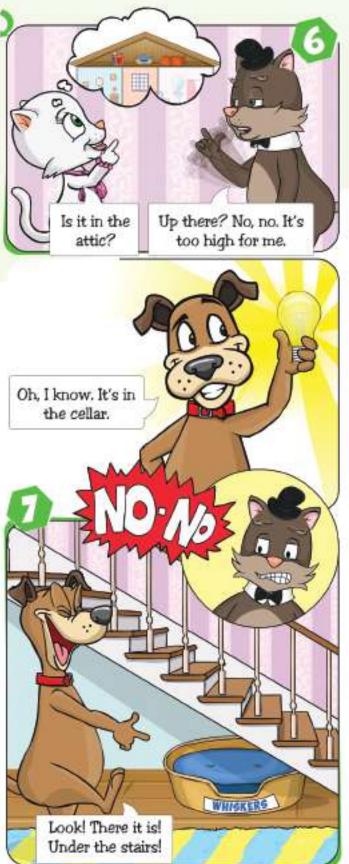
1. P 2. E 3. R 4. A

- 1. The people who love you most
- 2. Your father's brother
- 3. Someone you like a lot and spend a lot of time with
- 4. Your mother's husband

Who do you discover?

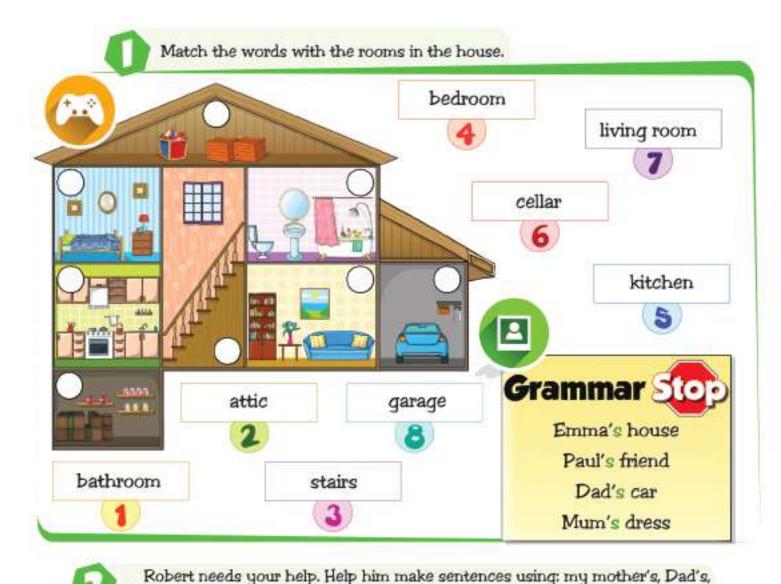








Take turns and read the dialogue.



the cat's, Paul's.

This is ring.

This is garage.

This is bike.











Fill in with one of these words: beautiful, boring, favourite.



This is my room.



You are so!

Watching TV is



Find the missing words.



In the living room, people and



In the kitchen, parents



In the bedroom, children



In the bathroom, I my hair or teeth.



to relax



to wash



to brush



attic



stairs



cellar



Do you like school? Why?



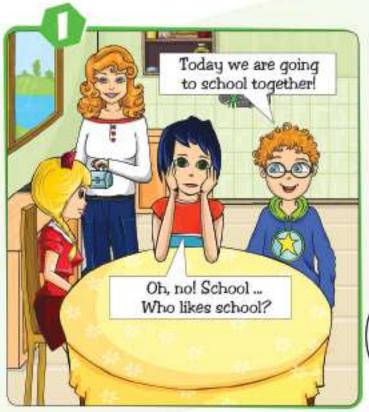






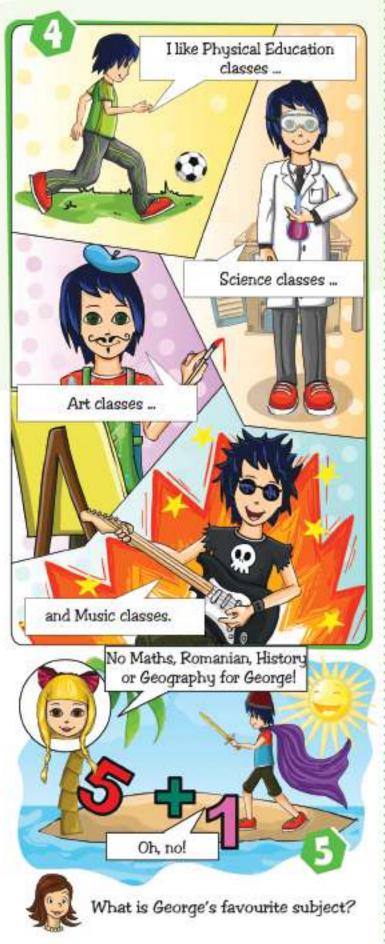














Use the following letters and complete the saying. Translate it with the help of your teacher.

H LREI 0

"T _ ACHERS W = 0L_VE

TEACH _ NG.

TEACH CHIL REN TO OVE

LEA __ NING."

Grammar 500



HAVE GOT

I have got (I've got) You have got (You've got) He has got (He's got) She has got (She's got) It has got (It's got)

Look at Robert's school timetable. Write true or false. Which school subjects do you like? Draw your own timetable.



Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
Art Maths		English	History	English	
English French		Music	Science	French	
Physics P.E.		Maths	P.E.	Maths	
Maths Biology		Geography	German	Geography	

Robert has got Physics on Monday.





Robert has got Art classes on Tuesday.





Robert has got P.E. classes on Wednesday.



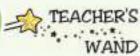


Robert has got German classes on Thursday.



















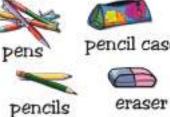
Help George prepare his schoolbag.







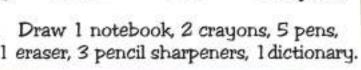
paints and paint brushes





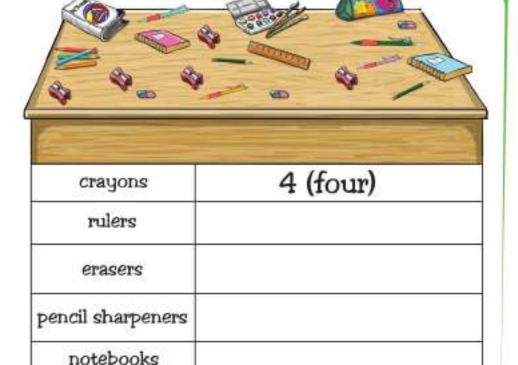








Count the school objects, then complete the table as in the example.





classmates



learn



homework



subjects



Physical Education



Science

REVISION



Match the words with the images.







notebook



living room

Welcome!





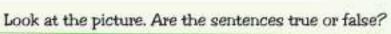






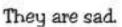
Geography







The Joneses are on holiday.



They are at the seaside.

Robert is not in the car.

They haven't got any luggage.























Find 6 more words related to members of your family.

D	Α	W	٧	Α	S	Α	Н	U	Α	U	Ν	Т
U	C	0	U	S	T	N)	R	0	Р	Ν	С	Α
N	U	Т	Y	D	S	Е	Α	U	Α	С	S	R
Н	R	Т	М	0	Т	Н	Е	R	J	L	В	Т
U	F	Α	Т	Н	Е	R	Α	1	U	Е	Ν	Α
В	R	0	G	В	R	0	Т	Н	Е	R	Е	Т

CAN

- talk about my family, my house and my school
- name school subjects and objects
- express possession

EVALUATION



Read and circle the odd one out:



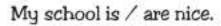
father	mother	living room
cat	attic	cellar
History	homework	English
pencil case	paint brushes	football

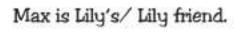


Choose the right answer:



On Sunday we don't go/ go to school.





Whiskers sleeps under/ in the stairs.







Fill in the missing word:



This is my house.

School is





I can wash and

It's to see you!





my fur.

ACCEPT ABLE

EX CELLENT

Performance markers

SELF-EVALUATION



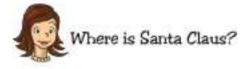


5-7 correct answers 8-10 correct answers

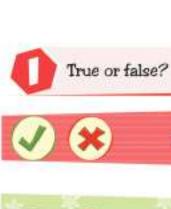


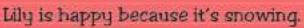


















George likes the gingerbread man.







Anna loves the snowflake.







Max is Santa Claus.

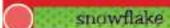


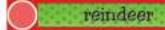
2



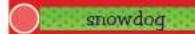
Match.









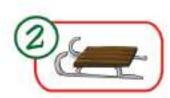














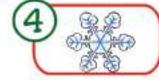




PRESENT CONTINUOUS

I am singing
You are singing
He / She is singing
It is singing
We are singing
You are singing
They are singing









Find the correct image and write the sentences in your notebook.



is singing



is riding



are building











gingerbread man



elf



snowflake

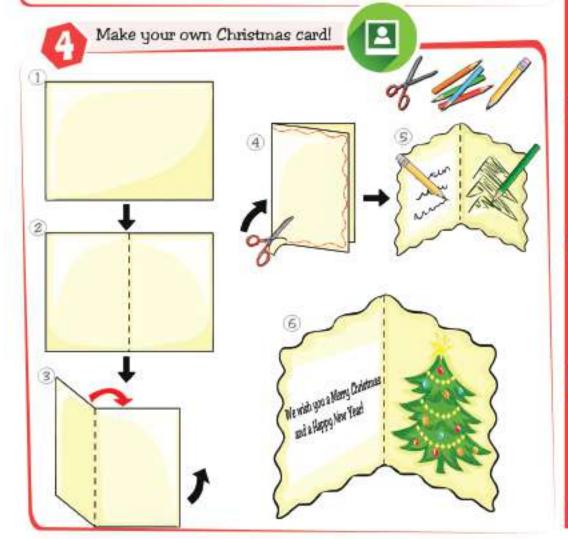


candy cane



reindeer





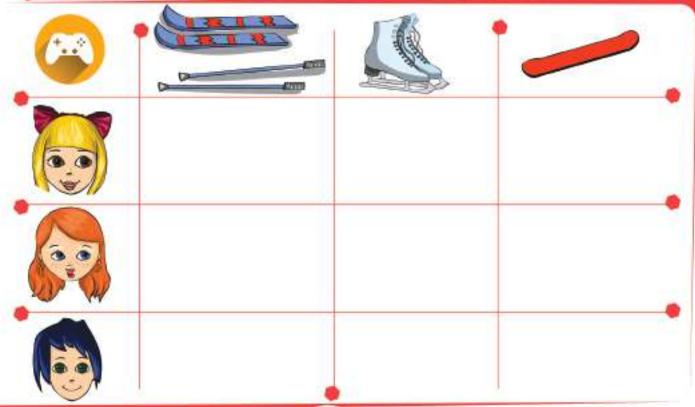








Tick or cross. Who wants what?





Ask and answer questions.



Do



like



(apples)

Don't



like



Do



like



Don't



like





like



Don't



like





YES, I do!



NO, I don't!





I like dancing. I don't like skiing. Do you like skating?







Answer the questions.



Example: What do you like? - I like chocolate.
What don't you like? - I don't like dancing.





clothes shop



skis



escalator



sweets shop



skates



snowboard



Robert is at the mall. What do you see in the picture?







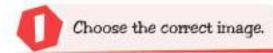


What is Max eating?





Take turns and read the dialoque.





Erica wants some







The Indian restaurant has







Lily is eating some







This pizza has















Italian

Indian

English

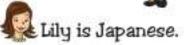
Romanian

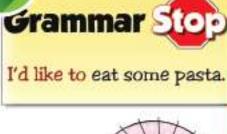
Japanese

Hungarian























dessert



fruit juice



noodles



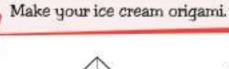
rice

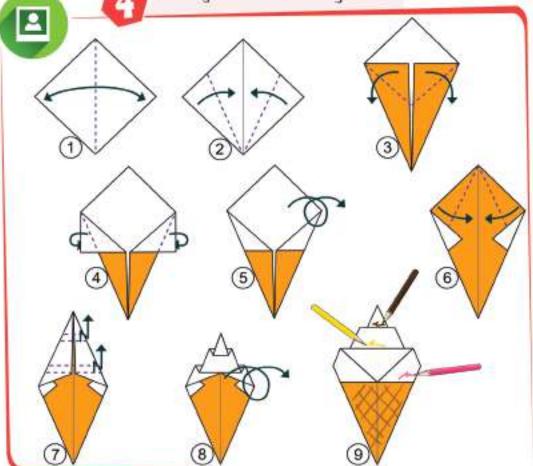


salami

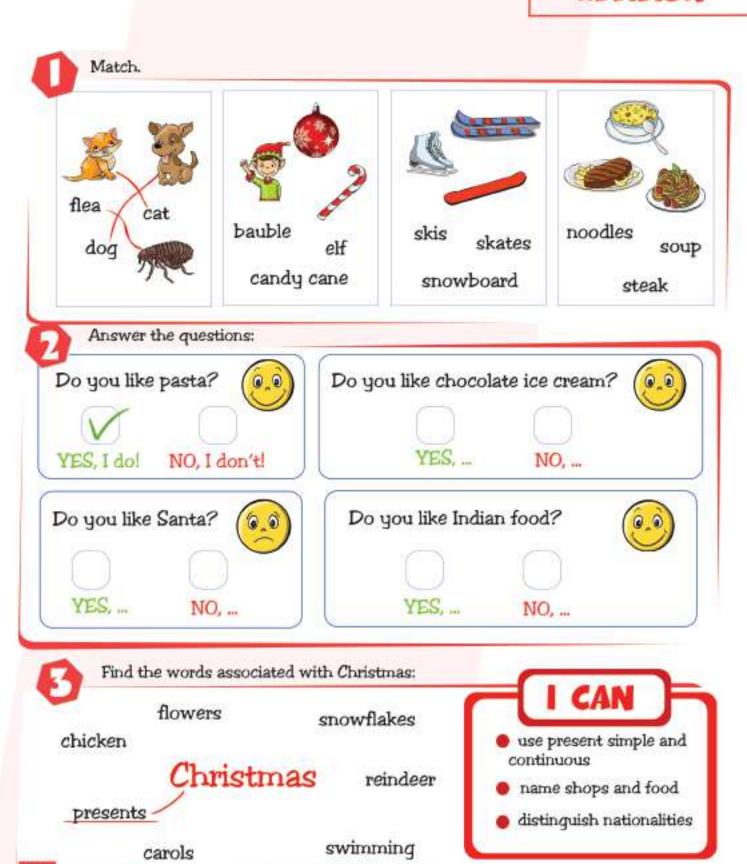


steak





REVISION



EVALUATION



Which word does not fit?



skis/skates/ice cream

Italian/beautiful/Chinese

soup/dessert/blue

Japanese/sweets shop/clothes shop



0

Use the correct form to complete the sentences.



They ARE EATING (eat) Italian pasta.

Max and Lilly (drink) milk.

George (read) the e-mail.

I (build) a snowman.





Write simple sentences.



I love skating



Wa



You



I

SELF-EVALUATION	ACCEPTABLE	GOOD	EXCELLENT
Performance 🏫	1-4 correct answers	5-7 correct answers	8-10 correct answers

LET'S PLAY!



PORTFOLIO





2 Name three parts of a computer.



What are you wearing today?

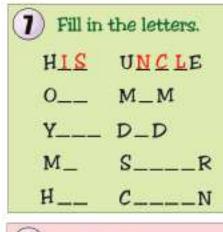




NO. 1725







LONDON



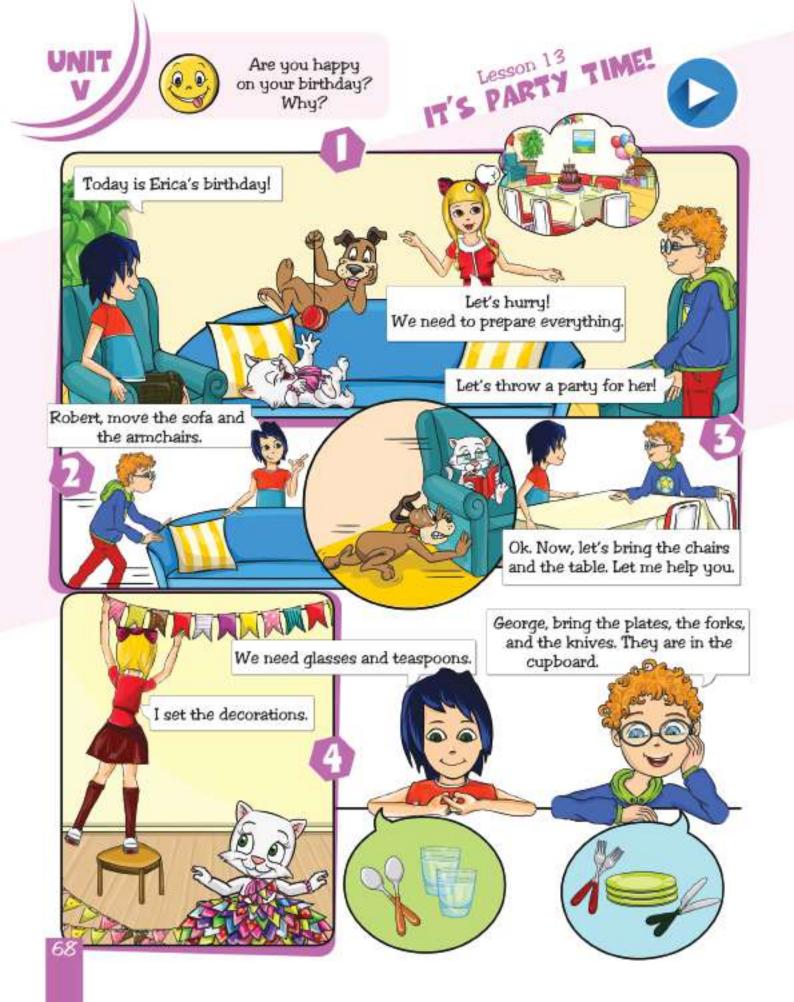




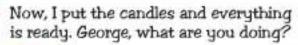
What do you want?
Say, then ask a friend.

go shopping
sweets shop clothes
a pair of skates





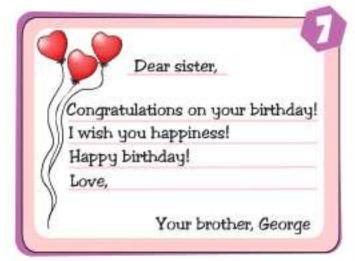






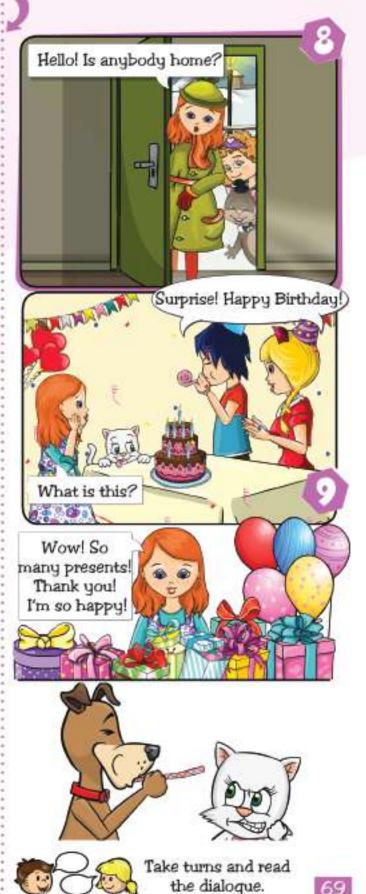


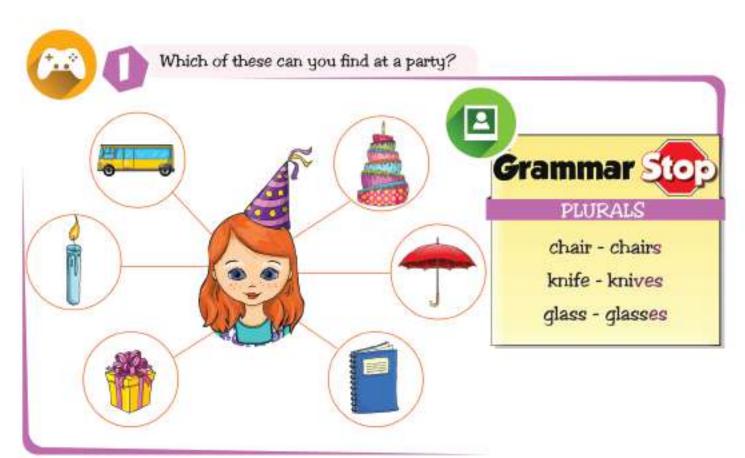
I'm writing a birthday card for my sister!

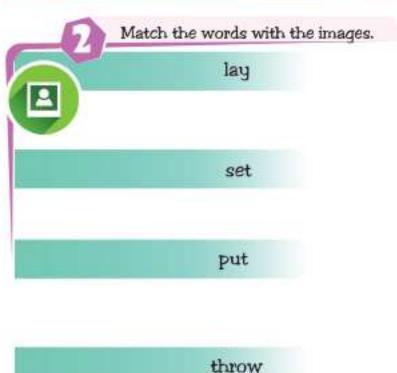


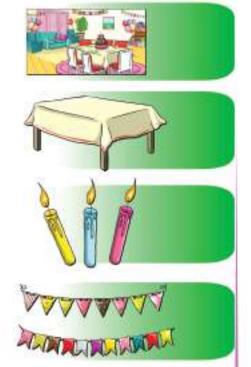


Is Erica happy for the party? Why?



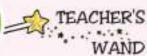






Now copy the expressions in your notebooks. Form sentences with them.











Answer the questions.

- Is this birthday?
- Yes, it.....
- No, it.....

a party?

- Yes, they.....
- No, they.....



- Yes, she.....
- No, she.....



This is my party! On the table I see 1 delicious with 7 on it, 5 and 4

Around the table there are 6 2 and 1 I can see 8 near the cupboard and 12

I love my party!



decorations



fork



knife



teaspoon



qlass



cupboard











Which film do you think they prefer?





Take turns and read the dialogue.





Choose the correct image.

The children are going to





...... likes romantic films.





We buy to see a film.





Lily prefers





Match and form sentences.



Grammar Sto



passion

mystery



It is a cartoon. - It's a cartoon.

It has got passion. - It's got passion.



cowboy

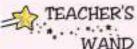
comedy



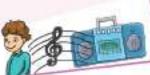


2











Word Pantry



Fill in the following sentences.

Max is a brave

He catches bad

He likes

He goes to the





romantic film



western



cowboy



cartoons



tickets



seats









Using the model, make dialogues with your deskmate.



What film would you like to see?

I would like to see a western because it is interesting.







Do the same!











Take turns and read the dialogue.





Lily is dancing.







Anna is drinking a cup of tea.



Erica wants 3 cups of tea.

0

Complete the dialogue.

A: Hello, how can I you?

B: I would like a of milk. How is it?

A: It's L (2,5)

B: you are!

A: you.

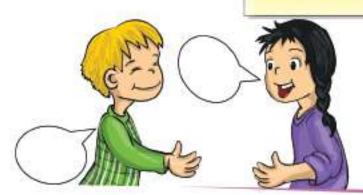


Grammar Sto



GO + VERB + ING

skate - go skating sleigh - go sleighing ski - go skiing













Form sentences, as in the example.



Max is going skating.



Robert/ski



circle

practice



I/ swim



Lily/snowboard



cup



Match. There is one extra word.



hot chocolate

tea



cake

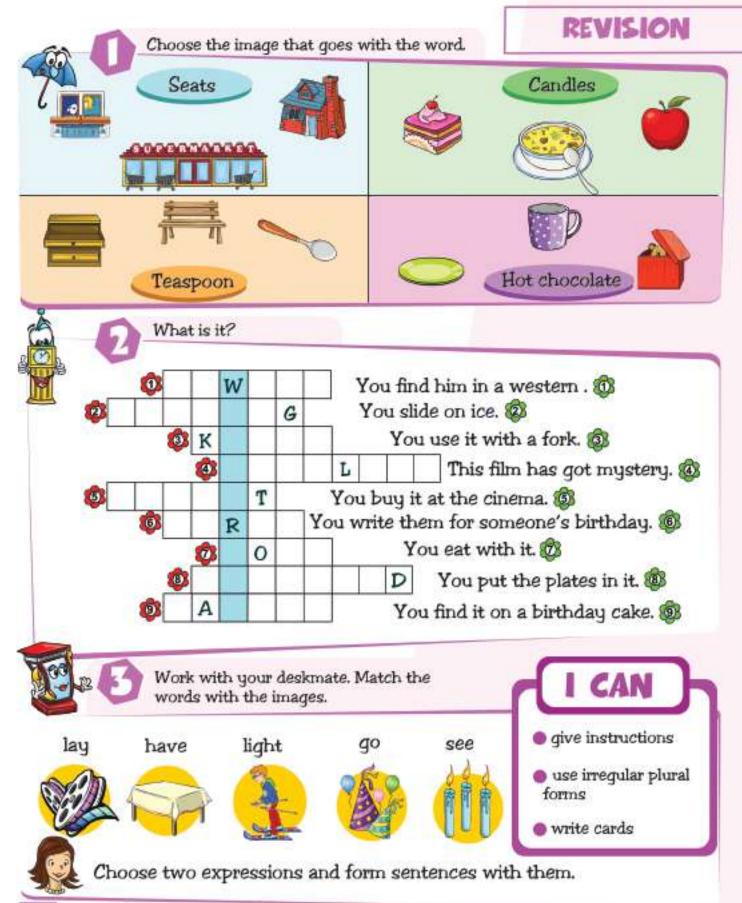


pound



milk





EVALUATION



Choose the correct word.







a cup of tea



a mug of chocolate







🅞 a teaspoon



a book



a ticket



Complete the following sentences.

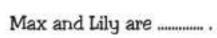


Anna and George are going to THE CINEMA.





Erica is a cup of tea.







Emma the table.



Cross out the wrong answer.



The children are having a party.







It is Anna's birthday.





George is buying soup, water and bread.









The children are at the cinema.







Performance markers

SELF-EVALUATION





ACCEPT ABLE



GOOD





Name the animals:





















TO THE REAL REPORTS

He is probably upset with his wife, Georgia.



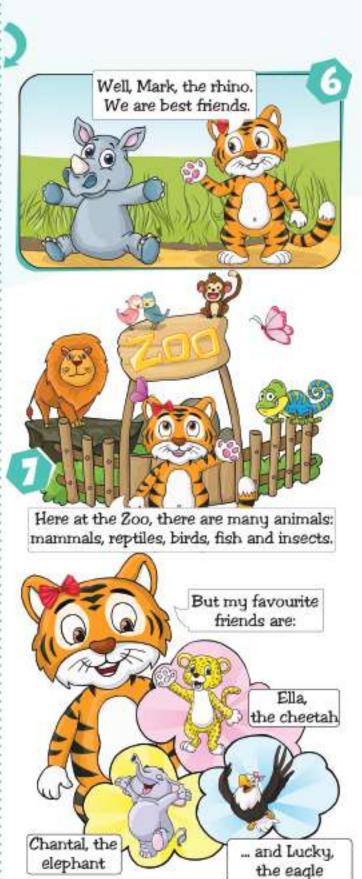


Life is so boring in a zoo.

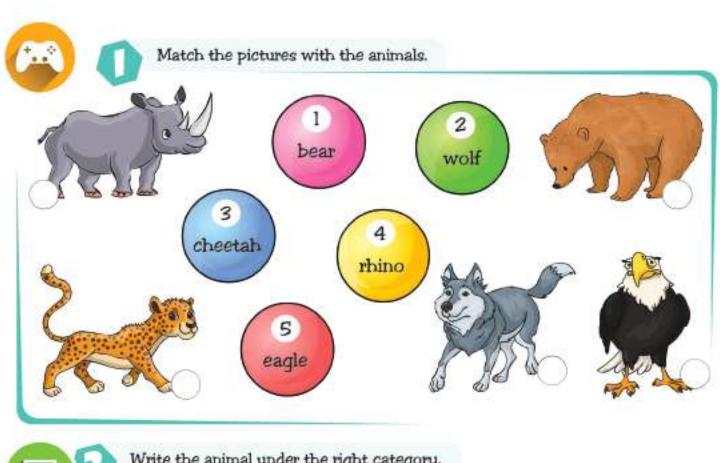


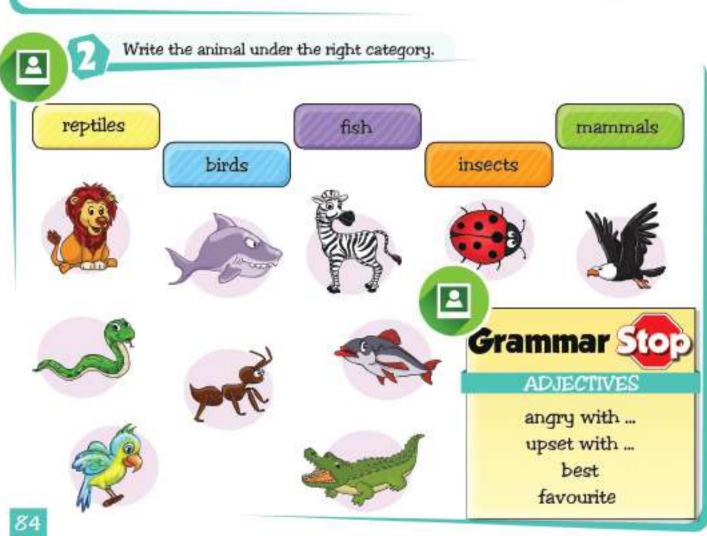


Who does Georgia miss most?



Take turns and read the dialoque.









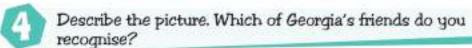






Find these words from the lesson in the crosswords below.

lovely				angry			best						
		9	upse	et				bori	ng		6	favo	urite
	D	Α	W	В	Α	S	Α	Н	Н	Т	0	В	Т
	L	0	٧	Е	L	Υ	N	R	U	Р	N	0	Α
	Q	D	Α	S	Ε	N	В	Р	Р	1	K	R	R
	G	Т	V	Т	1	Р	С	Α	s	М	Υ	Ĭ	1
	М	Α	N	G	R	Υ	Т	Р	Е	U	Α	N	Α
	Т	F	Α	٧	0	U	R	13	Т	Е	Р	G	Т







nature



upse



anor



cheetah



rhino



eagle









Take turns and read the dialogue.





True or false.

Emma and Erica are at the pool.





George has got a strong body.







LIKE + VERB + ING

I like skipping the rope.

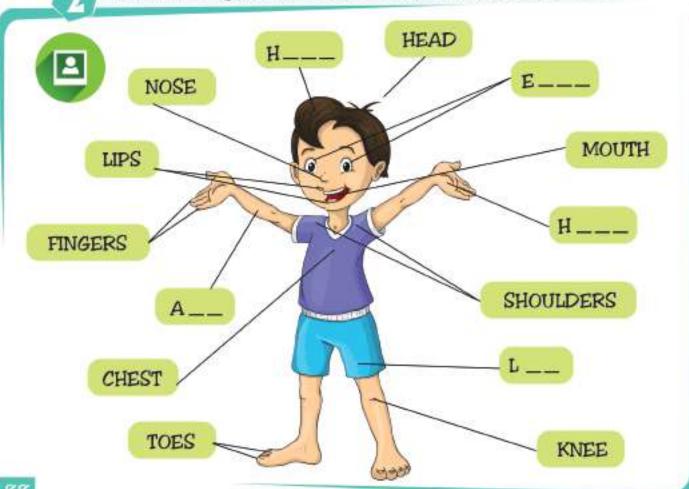
I enjoy playing football.

Emma wants to try the slide.





Find the missing parts of the human body. Draw it in your notebook.













to swing



clever



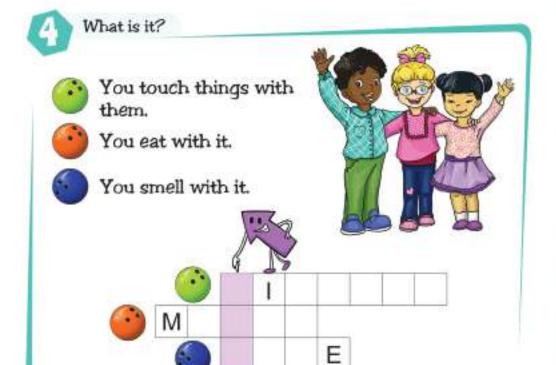
hopscotch



roller skates



to slide



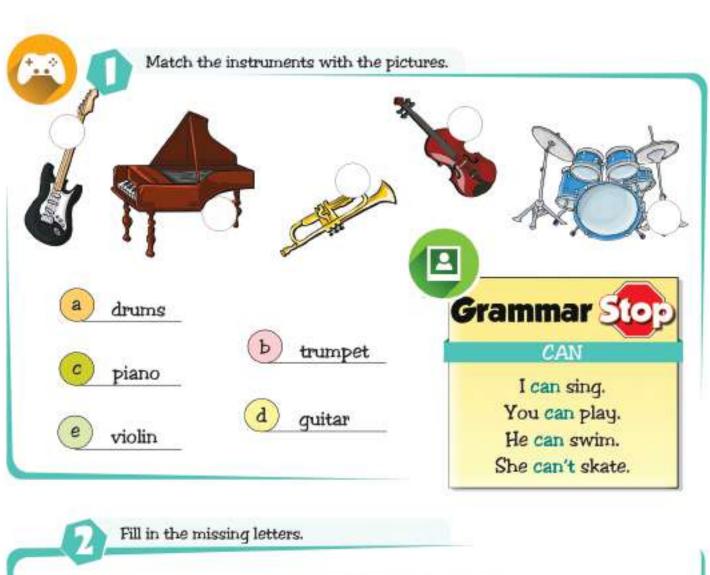


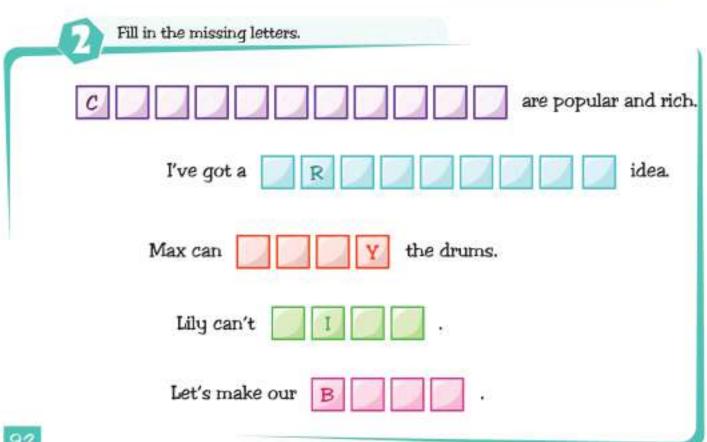






Take turns and read the dialogue.













Find what these people are saying.

She can drive well.

He can't repair the car.

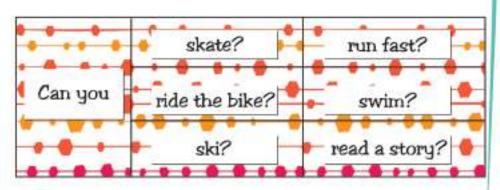


I can fly this kite.

Paul can't learn the poem.



Ask your deskmate questions using "Can you.....?"





Q: Can you skate?

A: Yes, I can/No, I can't.



celebrity



popular



rich



band



drums



quitar

Read the following text and complete the table, then read the information.

Erica is a lovely girl. She has got beautiful blue eyes, long hair and rosy lips. She can play hopscotch and ride a bike but she can't play football or basketball. She enjoys taking long walks but she doesn't like singing. Her best friends are Emma and Anna.

Erica	boy	green eyes	hopscotch	basketball	long walks	best friends: Amy and Anna
Yes						
No	X					



Find the missing letters and associate the word with the picture.

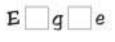


Che & tah

impan



in







CAN

- name parts of the body
- talk about animals and bands
- express ability

EVALUATION



Write what you can see in the pictures.











roller skates

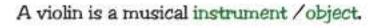


Circle the correct answer.

Tom has got / have got long arms.



Anne has got a lovely / favourite face.





Birds are animals that can fly /can't fly.







Find the mistakes and replace the wrong words with one of these.



fast

animals

play

mum

animals

Mammals are reptiles.

My house is upset.

Cheetahs are best animals.

I can sing the drums.

Performance markers



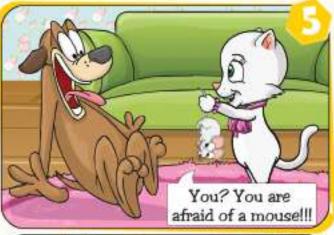


















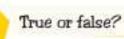
What is the poem about?





Take turns and read the dialogue.

















ADJECTIVES

cloud - cloudy

storm - stormy









Anna likes winter.







It's cold and windy.



Which words go with Y? Follow the pattern.

STORM	+	Y	=	STORMY
RAIN	+	Y	=	***************************************
WIND	+	Y	=	
FOG + G	+	Y	=	·



With the help of your teacher find other words and write them in your notebook.







Work with your deskmate. In turns, ask and answer questions about the weather.





Choose the correct words.

I love summer because it's hot and sunny / hot and snowy.





In autumn, the weather is windy and rainy / windy and sunny.

I like snowy and cold / snowy and hot days in winter.





cloudy



sunny



stormy



snowy



windy



foggy











Can the children find the pharmacy?







True or false.





George and Anna are going to the







The school is near the





DIRECTIONS





The children are lost.



turn left/ right go ahead on the left/ right



Name the buildings.

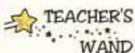


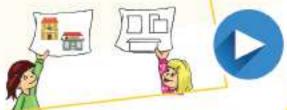
is between the hospital and the post office.

is near the supermarket.

is in front of the park.











Complete the following sentences and write them in your notebook.

- a Max is the sofa.
- b Lily is the chair and the table.
 - c Erica is the window.

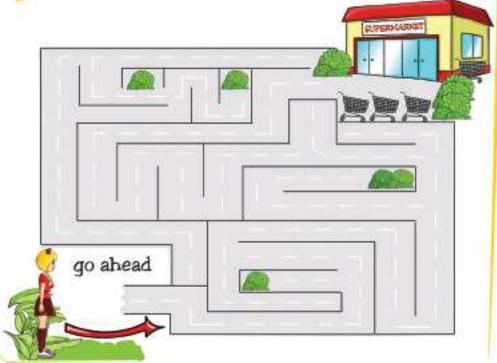
between

in front of





Help Anna find the way to the supermarket. Write the instructions.





pharmacy



medicines



supermarket



museum



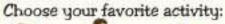
bank



post office





















You have to take the pills, Erica! Let's see. Take one of these 3 times a day.









We are always busy!



It's hard to find a day for the party!



Can the children find the perfect day for the party? On Mondays we usually go to the supermarket with our parents.





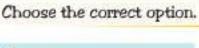




Take turns and read the dialogue.









Max

Erica

George

Grammar 510

MOMENTS OF THE DAY

in the morning at noon / at night on Wednesday(s)

I do my homework



in the afternoon.

in the morning.

at night.

The children have classes on Tuesday.



drama

sport

art



Find the odd one out. Name them.

















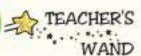




















See digital version

Sometimes

Never

Always



get well



pills



noon



farewell



souvenirs



drama classes



Follow the example to form sentences about Anna, Erica and Max. Imagine other activities.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
		930 Market		
34				
	4			

E.g.: George writes emails every Thursday / on Thursdays.



Read what Robert says and then follow his example to talk about something ...



... you always do on Sunday.

... you never do on Sunday.

... you sometimes do on Saturday.

REVISION

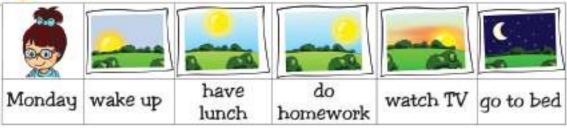


Find the odd one out.

foggy	windy	rainy	Sunday
usually	pharmacy	sometimes	never
next to	always	between	behind
museum	post office	windy	bank

What is your daily routine? Look at the table and write.





On Monday, I wake up in the morning. At noon I and in the evening I ... Then, I at night.



Complete the following sentences.

It is sometimes warm in spring .

It usually _____ in ____.

It always in

We usually ____ more at the _









CAN

- describe seasons
- give directions
- refer to moments of the day

EVALUATION



Choose the correct word.



It's raining. It is a sunny / rainy day.

We go / don't go to school on Sunday.

We buy bread / medicines at the pharmacy.

It is very cold / hot in summer.



Find the errors and replace them with the correct words.

Inever go to the cinema. (sometimes)

We always go to school on Saturday. (never)

It never rains in autumn. (usually)

I never brush my teeth in the morning. (always)



Match the following images with the right words.









cloudy

have a cold

pharmacy

SELF-EVALUATION	ACCEPTABLE	GOOD	EXCELLENT
Performance	1-4 correct answers	S-7 correct answers	8-10 correct answers











We have everything ready. We only need some music.













Read and match.



Robert is great at playing the drums.



Grammar 500

INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE FORMS

She can sing. Can you sing? Yes I can. / No, I can't.



Max loves his guitar.





Lily loves her keyboards!





Erica plays the saxophone every day!

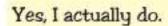


Talk to your deskmate.



Do you play a musical instrument?

What instrument are you playing now?



I am playing the













See digital version







tambourine



keyboards



saxophone



flute



piano



trumpet

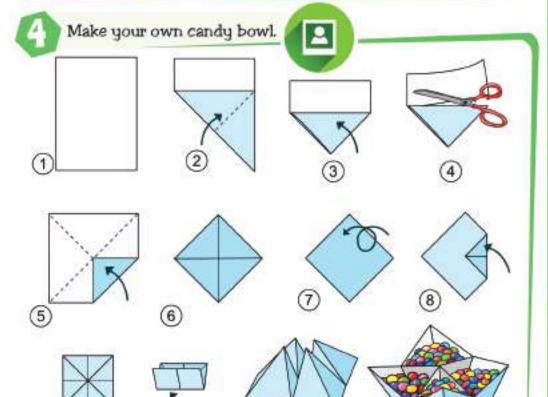


9

10

Let's organise a party! Describe the photo.















Who is Max writing to?

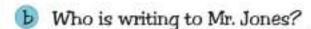


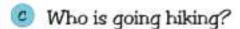


Answer the questions. There is an extra picture.



a Who wants to stay in London?





Who is writing to the Queen?





TELLING THE TIME

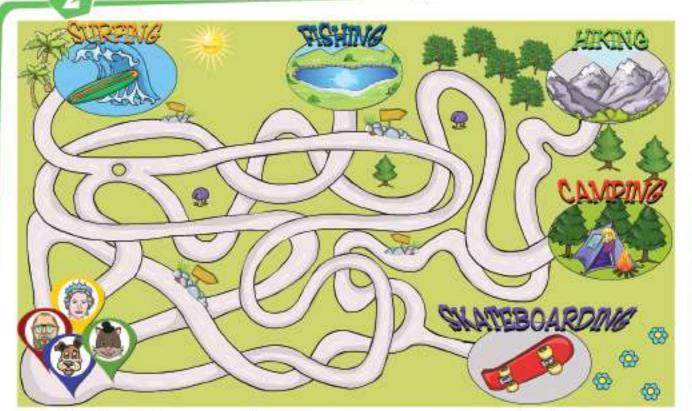
What time is it?

It's ...





Help them find the perfect holiday activity.



The Queen loves camping Mr. Jones likes hiking Whiskers loves fishing in the lake Max likes surfing near his house on the ocean in the forest in the mountains









Fill in the gaps and read.

Hello from Spain. We are staying in a hotel and



it! Mr. Jones is



and he is enjoying it!

Robert is here and he



, so I am very happy!

We sometimes go



but I don't like it.

I miss you, Lily! Your tomcat,





What time is it?







It is _____



hiking



camping



fishing



surfing



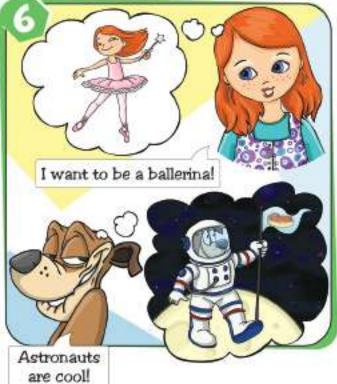
skateboarding















Who is that?





Take turns and read the dialogue.



Answer the questions.

Who wants to be an astronaut?



Max

George

Who works as a postman?



Mrs. Jones

Mr. Jones

Who wants to be a ballerina?



Anna

Erica





baker - baker's

butcher - butcher's

Who sells bread?



the baker

the butcher

Who likes pilots?



Erica

Anna

Ask and answer, then fill in.



Do you want to be a zoo keeper? Yes I do. / No, I don't.





manager



taxi driver



gardener



singer



zoo keeper

girls

boys



See digital version





Finish the sentences.

Why do you like



Because they fly airplanes!



Why do you like ? Why do you want to be a



..... they take care of he/she drives



Why do you like ? Why do you want to be an



...... they sell he/she explores



What do your parents do? Draw and say.



he drives children to school.



baker



butcher



postman



pilot

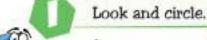


ballerina



astronaut

REVISION











George is playing the tambourine/drums.

Whiskers is sleeping/fishing.

Mr. Jones is driving a race car/ postcar.

Lily is writing a/an book/email.



Match the jobs with the objects.























Find the missing words.

A race driver drives very fast.

An flies into space.

My mum writes many letters and

A ballerina well.

CAN

- talk about musical instruments and jobs
- say farewell
- write short letters

EVALUATION



Look and write.











Correct or incorrect?



You can drive a train.



Fish can go hiking.





Astronauts go into space.



Bakers sell meat.







Choose the correct option.

A butcher baker sells bread.

A postman takes emails / letters to the destination.

Zoo keepers / pilots take care of animals.

You can play the keyboards / skateboards.

SELF-EVALUATION
Performance

markers

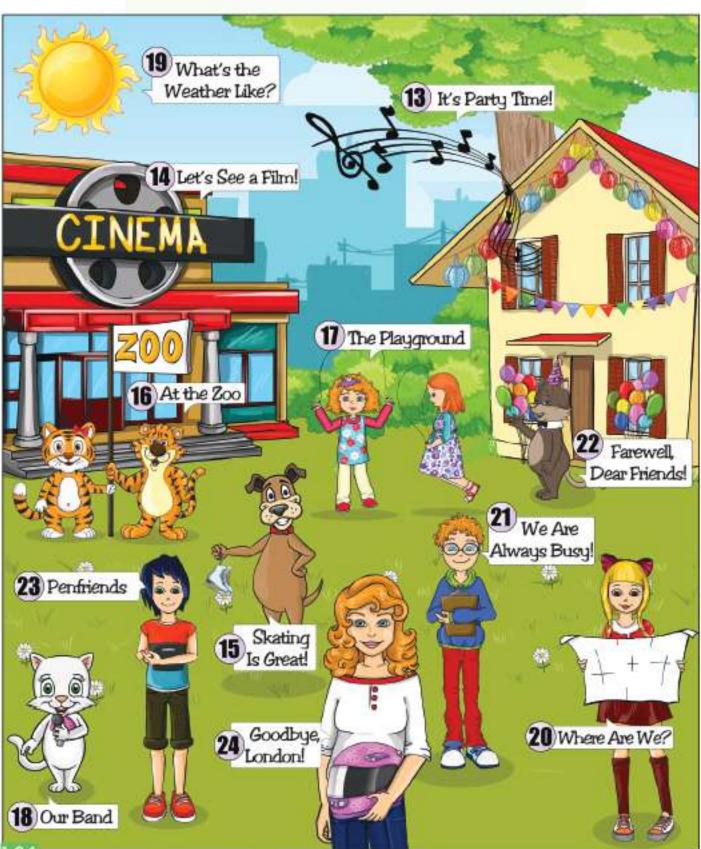




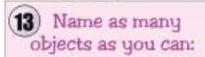




LET'S PLAY

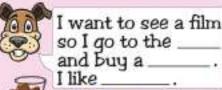


PORTFOLIO

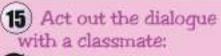


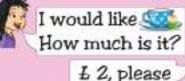


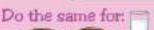
(14) Complete the sentences:



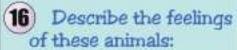








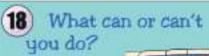






Fill in the missing letters to find out what you are:

		C		Е	S	T
			E R		D	
	A		R			
10-	-11/2/			P	S	
Н			S		- Liverinia	









20 Where is the ...?



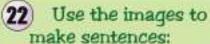
What time is it?

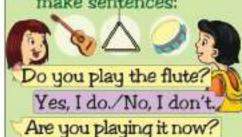
21 Say something you:

always do

usually do

never do





Yes, I am./No, I'm not.

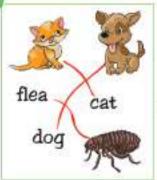
It's ...

24 Name the jobs:



FINAL EVALUATION











Choose the correct form.

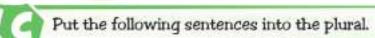


Erica wants a / a pair of jeans.

The children see many / a houses.

Anna is eating many / a cake.







There is a shop in this town.

There are three shops in this town.



There is a cat in the room.

There



A witch is very scary.

Two







Anna has got a cousin.

Anna

Use the following forms in the sentences.

of London

Lily's milk bowl is empty.

The Tower is impressive.

..... dress is nice.

The windows are large.

Emma's

of the house

126

000

Lily's



Choose the odd out.

baker, tiger, astronaut, zoo keeper

flute, quitar, summer, tambourine

legs, lips, shoulders, theatre, finger

morning, Wednesday, evening, night



Complete the following sentences.

The bank is between the post office and the school.





To get to the cinema you ______.

In the summer, the weather is ______.





My father works in a school. He is a _____



Correct the following sentences.

We wake up in the afternoon.



We wake up in the morning.

At the zoo, we can see films.



It snows in summer.



We write emails on a flute.



The two parts of the sentences are mixed. Make the sentences correct.

We/ is a tiger.



Jimmy/ are friends. ____ Correct: Jimmy is a tiger. We are friends.



The park is on Sunday.

Bears have / next to the bank.

We don't go to school/ four legs.



Put the words in the correct order to form sentences.

jungle. tiger, The, lives, the. - The tiger lives in the jungle.







are, writing, We, an, to, friends, our, e-mail.

never, Anna, in, the, cereals, has, morning.





Max, playing, drums, the, enjoys.



What are they doing? Write sentences.

E.g. Lily is playing with a ball.



SELF-EVALUATION

Performance markers











Lesson 1 - Hello There!





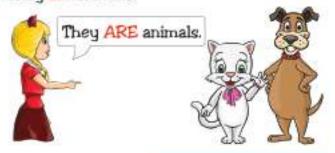












Lesson 2 - You've got maill



Lily, I like you.

I like you too, Max.

Max likes Lily and Lily likes Max. We like Lily, Max and Fifi.



I like - He likes

I have - She has

I live - It lives

Lesson 3 - Are you ready?

Lily is a cat. I am a doq.

I have many T-shirts, shorts and hats.



Cats and dogs are usually not friends. But Max and Lily are good friends.

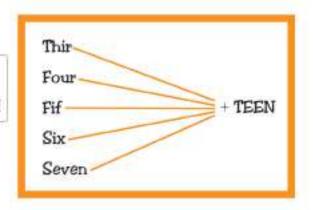
Erica is a girl. She has a lot of clothes. She always wears a pair of gloves, a pair of earrings and a scarf.



Lesson 4 - The plane takes off



One cake, two cakes,...thirteen cakes, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen cakes!



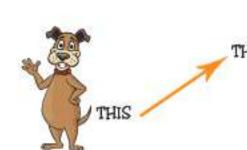
Lesson 5 - First day in London



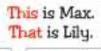
The branches of the tree are high.













These are my friends.

Those are some airplanes.



Lesson 6 - Trick or treat!



I want to drink some milk.



I want something sweet to eat.
I want some cookies.





Lesson 7 - Meet my family!



My friend is Max.

My, your, his, our friend.

Lesson 8 - Home, sweet home!

Lily's friend is Max. Her friend is Max.

Fifi's friends are Lily and Max. His friends are Lily and Max.



Our friend is Whiskers.



Lily's...friend

Max's friend

Anna's friend

Who is your friend?

Lesson 9 - Teachers are great!



I've got Biology on Monday.

No, I haven't. Max has got Maths on Tuesdays! Have you got Maths on Tuesday?

We have got English on Friday.



I HAVE got/ I've got

He HAS got/ He's got

HAVE you got? / HAS he got?

I HAVEN'T got/ She HASN'T got.

Lesson 10 - Santa Claus is coming to town!



I am speaking.

Max is listening. / She is singing.

We are singing.

Lesson 11 - Let's go shopping!



I like / I DON'T like

She likes / she DOESN'T like
I speak / I DON'T speak

He speaks / He DOESN'T speak

Lesson 12 - Enjoy your meal!



I'd like to eat some pastal



I'd like to eat some cake!





Grammar

Lesson 13 - It's Party Time!







Lesson 14 - Let's See a Film!

IT IS --> IT'S

HE IS ---> HE'S

SHE IS - SHE'S

It is a cartoon. - It's a cartoon.

He is interesting. - He's interesting.

She is beautiful, - She's beautiful,

IT HAS -> IT'S

HE HAS -> HE'S

SHE HAS ->> SHE'S

It has got passion. - It's got passion.

He has got a bike. - He's got a bike.

She has got a book. - She's got a book.

Lesson 15 - Skating Is Great!





Lesson 16 - At the Zoo

Adjectives

You're the best!

You are my favourite friends.

Georgia is angry with Jimmy.

Jimmy is upset with Georgia.



Lesson 17 - The Playground







I like skipping the rope.

I enjoy playing football.

I love reading.

also:

I don't like skating.

I hate singing.







Lesson 18 - Our Band

CAN + VERB

I can ...

You can ...

He can ...

She can't ...

Lesson 19 - What's the Weather Like?

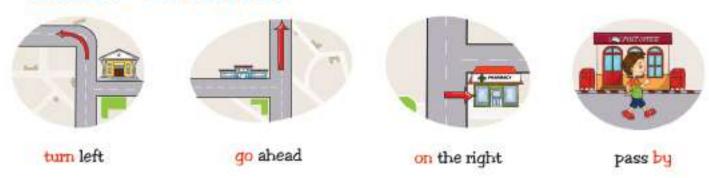




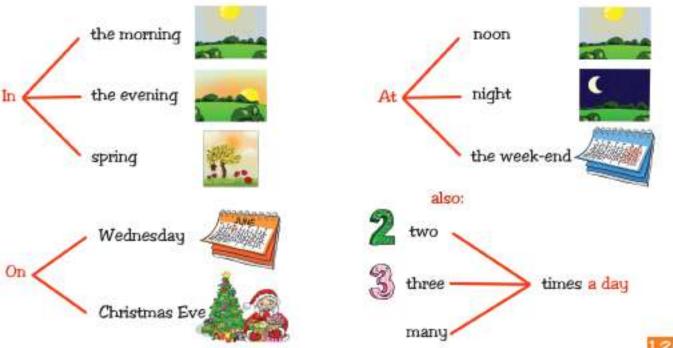
but ...



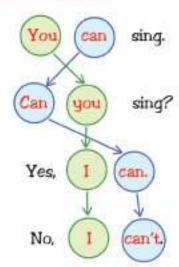
Lesson 20 - Where Are We?



Lesson 21 - We Are Always Busy!



Lesson 22 - Farewell, Dear Friends!



Lesson 23 - Pen Friends





It's ten o'clock.

It's



It's eight o'clock.



It's three o'clock.

Lesson 24 - Goodbye, London!

baker



baker's kitchen



It's

butcher



butcher's shop



also:





florist's shop



chemist



chemist's laboratory



